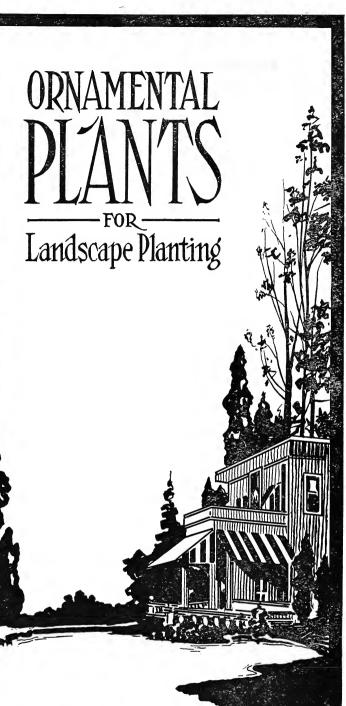
#### **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



52.71. 1922.



#### Information

The Weed Landscape Nursery is situated on the Canyon Road six miles west of Portland, being one mile east of Beaverton. Howard Evarts Weed, a Landscape Architect, formerly of Chicago, established the nursery in 1910. Wilbur W. Weed, a son, graduate in Landscape Gardening of the O. A. C., is associated with him. Landscape Gardening is made a specialty, a large business being done in the planning and ornamental planting of estates, suburban homes and city residences throughout the Pacific northwest.

We grow the hardy ornamentals—flowering deciduous shrubs, broad leaved evergreens, conifers, shade trees and a full lines of perennial flowers. Of these we have all the hardy varieties which are successfully used in landscape work in the Pacific northwest. In this catalog are given only the leading plants used in this field, but as we grow many kinds and varieties not mentioned here we can fill any order for ornamentals and will be pleased to make quotations. We do not handle greenhouse stock, bedding plants, annuals or the spring bulbs. Anything listed in this catalog can be depended upon for successful outdoor planting.

Our landscape planting begins late in October and continues until the first of April. Fall planting is much preferred on account of this allowing the roots to become established during the winter months. In this way the plants make a better growth the first season. Peonies and Iris are planted from the first of September to March, the early planting being best. Peonies should not be planted after March, altho Iris can be successfully moved at any season.

Our displays of Peonies and Iris at the Rose Shows each year are a revelation to most people as to the beauty of these flowers. We have thousands see our fields of flowers during May and June. Those who visit the nursery once, get the habit and come often. If the Weed Landscape Nursery is still unknown to you, come out and investigate for yourself. You might like it and thus find a place to go, or to bring your visiting friends when out for a drive.

Address all communications to

#### The Weed Landscape Nursery

Beaverton, Oregon

Portland Phone Main 9158

## ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

**FOR** 

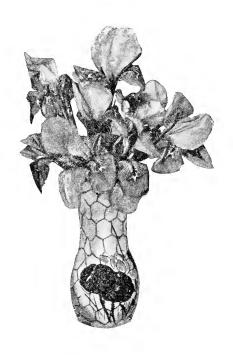
LANDSCAPE PLANTING

A LIST OF
DEPENDABLE
ORNAMENTALS
FOR
OUTDOOR ART



The Weed Landscape Nursery

Beaverton, Oregon



#### WINTER BLOOMING IRIS

Photographed Jan. 16th

These Iris are in continuous bloom from December to April.

# Planting Plans and Estimates

An inspection of stock at the nursery is invited at all times. In choosing stock at any particular season customers find only certain plants in bloom. These take their fancy and many more equally beautiful plants are overlooked because of blooming at a different season. To aid in the selection of stock for ornamental planting and to insure proper placing as regards colors, habitude and ultimate heights, we offer our landscape service.

If you contemplate the beautification of your home grounds, it is important that you know where and what to plant to produce the most pleasing effects. Shrubs and flowers, rightly placed, will add to the appearance of a home more than any other improvement one can make for a similar expenditure. In planting even a small yard, a planting plan is necessary in order to avoid inharmonious effects.

If you desire a plan of your yard, the next time we are in your locality we will take the necessary measurements and submit a planting plan to you. This plan will be drawn to scale, showing where and what trees, evergreens, shrubs and flowers should be planted, with an itemized list of all plants and their cost. In this way you will know just what it will cost for the planting of your yard. We make these plans for our customers without charge in order to show the possibilities of the correct planting of ornamental plants. The plan and list is our proposition for the improvement of your grounds.

We grow all the plants used in landscape gardening, and thus are able to furnish better plants and at less cost than can agents or gardeners. Our 20 years experience in this work is at your service for the asking. We use the broad leaved evergreens for mass planting next to a house foundation and the flowering plants and perennials on the border of a lot, leaving the center entirely in lawn. We carry out your ideas in so far as these coincide with proper landscape design. Further information will be gladly furnished upon request.

Too often home owners leave the planting of shrubs, trees and flowers to gardeners without experience in artistic arrangement. The result is that entirely too many varieties are placed in a group, so that the place as a whole looks overdone. It lacks that quiet, restful appearance a home yard should possess. This is also often the case when the home owner selects the plant materials, for when this is done, varieties are selected, one of this and one of that, irrespective of where they are to be planted. It is much better to select plants appropriate to the place they are to be planted, rather than to try to find a place for them after purchasing.

#### The Deciduous Shrubs

To this class belong those shrubs which are without leaves during the winter months. In the following list are those which produce the most flowers and by which the best landscape effects are obtained. In our landscape service we arrange them in a mass of three or more in a group, giving a selection which will flower from March until November. The plants which we furnish are from two year old up, depending upon the variety. In height they range from 18 inches the variety. In height they range from 18 inches for the dwarf Spirea Waterer to five feet for Tartarian Honeysuckle. Mere height, however, is of no real value in a shrub. It is the root system which counts. All shrubs should have the tops well cut back when transplanted in order to promote a thrifty new growth.

Unless otherwise stated the price is fifty cents each for all the deciduous shrubs.

- ALIA spinosa. Hercules Club. Immense com-pound leaves which give a tropical effect. In August tops covered with large clusters of white flowers fol-ARALIA spinosa. lowed by black berries.
- BERBERIS Thunbergii. Japan Barberry. A very dependable small shrub covered with red berries in autumn.
- BUDDLEIA magnifica. Butterfly Bush. A fast growing tall shrub bearing beautiful lilac flowers. Should be cut nearly to the ground each spring.
- CARYOPTERIS incana. Blue Spirea. A dwarf shrub with fine blue flowers in September.
- CORNUS sibirica. Red Dogwood. Has showy red bark in winter.
- CYDONIA japonica. Japan Quince. With white, pink or red flowers in April. Subject, however, to San Jose scale.
- CORYLUS purpurea. Purple Filbert. Large, dark purple leaves.
- CYTISUS scorparius. Scotch Broom. flowers in spring.
  - globosa. A dwarf, compact form growing only 3 feet.
- DEUTZIA crenata. Tall Deutzia. White flowers
  - in June. acilis. Dwarf Deutzia, growing less than 3 gracilis. feet.
  - Lemoinei. Lemoine's Deutzia. Medium in height.
- DIERVILLA sessifolia. Yellow flowers in June.

  Beautifully colored foliage all summer. Grows 3 feet high.
- EXOCHORDA grandiflora. Pearl Bush. With numerous white flowers in June. Of tall growth. FORSYTHIA fortunei. Bright yellow flowers in

- FORSYTHIA fortunei. Bright yellow flowers in March before the leaves.

  HYDRANGEA arborescens. Hills of Snow. With umbels of white flowers in July.

  hortensis. Garden Hydrangea. Very large clusters of pink and blue flowers in summer.....\$1.00 paniculata grandiflora. Large-flowered Hydrangea. Large beautiful flowers on the end of the stems in August. White changing to pink.

  HOLODISCUS ariaefolia. Ocean Spray. A tall native shrub with clusters of graceful white flowers in July.

  Page Four

Page Four

- KERRIA japonica. Double Kerria. Beautiful yellow flowers for a long time, beginning in May.
- LONICERA tartarica. Upright Honeysuckle. Pink bell-shaped flowers in early spring followed by red ber-
  - Morrowi. Morrow's Upright Honeysuckle. White flowers.
- PHILADELPHUS grandiflorus.

  Beautiful white flowers in July Mock Orange. which are quite Beautiful white fragrant. Tall.
- POTENTILLA fruiticosa. Dwarf shrub with yellow flowers in July.
- PRUNUS triloba plena. Flowering Almond. The
- RIBES sanguinium. Flowering Currant. Tall shrub with beautiful pink double flowers in March.
- ROSA rugosa. Japan Rose. The best rose for landscape use. Beautiful green foliage. Red or white flowers
- SPARTIUM junceum
- SPIREA Waterer. A dwarf shrub with showy
  - arguta. Large sprays of white flowers in April 3 feet.
  - prunifolia. With double flowers along the stem in April.
  - salicifolia. Willow-leaved Spirea. 5 ft. Masses of white flowers.
  - Thunbergii. A fine leaved form, leaves giving an autumn color after Sept. A mass of small white flowers in early Spring. 4 feet.

    Vanhouttei. One of the best shrubs of all. Masses of white flowers in May and of good foliage effect.
  - effect.
- SORBARIA sorbifolia. 3 ft. The first shrub to put out its leaves in Spring. Masses of fine white flowers in July.
- STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. A dwarf shrub with beautiful serrated foliage and white flowers.
- SYMPHORICARPUS racemosus. Snowberry. An Oregon native, 3 ft. Small pink flowers in April and large snow white berries in Autumn.

  vulgaris. Indian Currant. A graceful dwarf shrub with small red berries in winter, much used for house decoration. This is a fine shrub for use on embankments. on embankments.
- SYRINGA vulgaris. Purple Lilac. Tall shrub flowering in May. alba. White Lilac.
  - In named varieties we can furnish Chas. X. Michael Buchner, Louis Van Houtte, Marie Le Graye and
- VIBURNUM lantana. Tall shrub, bearing flat cymes of white flowers followed by berries changing from green to red and black.
  - opulus. High Bush Cranberry. Tall shrub
  - bearing red berries in clusters. sterilis. Snowball. Tall shrub with balls of white flowers in June.

  - nanum. The most dwarf of all shrubs, growing 18 inches. Very fine and compact. tomentosum. Single Japan Snowball. Tall shrub with single white flowers followed by red berries. plicatum. Japan Snowball Numerous balls of
- - foliage and red flowers in July.

    rosea. Somewhat taller than the above. Beautiful pink flowers in June.

#### The Broad Leaved Evergreens

To this class belong those shrubs which retain their leaves in winter, their broad shining leaves distinguishing them from the Conifers. With them it is possible to make most excellent winter landscapes. In our landscape work we made "foundation plantings" practically entirely with these shrubs so that buildings may not look bare at any season. While they are not as prolific in bloom as the deciduous shrubs, many have beautiful red berries which hang on all winter and in this way produce delightful landscape effects.

All our plants have been transplanted and are dug with a ball of dirt intact. They range in height from a foot for some of the dwarf Veronicas to five feet for the tall Cotoneasters. None are less than two years old while most are three and four. The price, unless otherwise stated, is one dollar each.

ELIA grandiflora. A recent introduction, growing 3 to 4 feet with small shining leaves and graceful drooping branches. In autumn covered with ABELIA light pink flowers.

AUCUBA japonica. Japan Laurel. Green leaves and scarlet berries......\$1.50
variegata. Gold Dust Laurel. With yellow
spotted leaves .....\$1.50

AZALEA hinodegiri. Japan Azalea. A dwarf shrub with brilliant red flowers in May.......\$2.00

sized plants, with shining yeaves, yellow flowers and red berries.

buxifolia. A dwarf barberry, very compact. subcauliata. With beautiful light green foliage

and drooping branches. Yellow flowers.
stenophylla. Narrow leaves, slender drooping branches and yellow flowers.

Wilsonae.

Wilson's Barberry. Similar to subcauliata. xanthozylum. Knight's Barberry. Growing

on rather stiff stems.

sempervirens. Upright or cone-shaped plant. Compact, with small leaves. Useful for tubs, \$1.00 to \$3.00.

suffruticosa. Dwarf Box. Much used for low 

green leaves, fragrant when crushed. White flowers in May.

COTONEASTER Franchetii. An upright drooping plant with glaucus foliage. Red berries in the

autumn.

autumn.
horizontalis. Trailing Cotoneaster. Low shrub
with horizontal branches. Red berries, retained all
winter. Much used for planting embankments.....75c
microphylla. Similar to the above but leaves
not so shiny. Berries larger but not so numerous...75c
Simonesii Unwight shrub 6 ff Rayries bright

Simonsii. Upright shrub. 6 ft. Berries bright 

Page Six

- ERICA hybrida. Scotch Heather. A low growing,
- ESCALLONIA rosea. A tall growing shrub with pink flowers. rubra. Red flowers and dark green foliage.

EUONYMUS japonica. Tall growing shrub with dark green shining foliage.

microphylla. A very dwarf compact, small leaved form. Very attractive.

patens. A new acquisition. Small serrulate bright green leaves and orange berries.

- low grower with large yellow flowers in July. Useful for planting on embankments.

Henryi. Taller than the above.

- ILEX. Holly. A slow grower unless well watered.

  Eventually growing to considerable height. Can furnish in green or variegated foliage. Price \$1.00 a ft.
- KALMIA latifolia. Mt. Laurel. Slow grower, bearing beautiful pink flowers in clusters during June .....\$2.00

- LEUCOTHOE Catesbæi. Of medium height, slow of growth. Branches drooping. Flowers white, reddish in bud. Leaves a beautiful purple hue white, but .....\$2.00
- LIGUSTRUM japonica. Japan Privet. Upright, rather stiff. Leaves thick and shining, dark green in color.

lucidum. Glossy foliage, white flowers and attractive berries.

Stauntonii. Evergreen Privet. A graceful shrub with slender rather drooping branches and small bright green leaves. Covered in August with a mass of white flowers. This is the one privet which we recommend above all others either for landscape work or hedges ......50c

LONICERA nitida. Upright Evergreen Honey-suckle. A recent introduction of great merit. Small shining leaves, vigorous grower. Very good for base plantings.

pileata. Of slower growth than the above and more dwarf.

NANDINA domestica. Heavenly Bamboo. An upright grower, with small compound leaves, which turn red in winter. White flowers followed by red berries.

Large bright red berries.

PYRACANTHA coccinea. An upright tall growing shrub bearing attractive clusters of red berries in autumn

buxifolia. Very dwarf growth, light green foliage.

cupressoides. To three feet. Fine foliage, re-

cupressoides. 10 mms sembling a conifer.
decussata. With bluish flowers.
erecta. A tall form of the buxifolia. Small leaves and erect growth.
The best known variety. White

VIBURNUM tinus. Lauristinus. Large shrub with shining green foliage. Covered in Feb. with umbels of small pink flowers.

#### Perennials

The hardy perennials are the only profuse-flowering plants we grow. Of these our collec-tion is extensive. Only the most dependable va-rieties, especially those which may be used as cut flowers, are listed here. Achillea, Rosemary, Santolina, Seline, and a hundred others are omitted from this list, being regarded as not of real value, comparatively speaking. Our collection is quite complete, however, and orders can be filled for anything of real worth.

The perennials are flowers which, once planted, are ever present. They are best planted in a group by themselves in what has come to be known as "the perennial border." In planting it is best not to mix them with the shrubs, but rather place in front of a shrubbery background. It is better to put all the phloxes together, all the iris together, and so on, than to distribute each indiscriminately, without arrangement.

A suitable list and garden arrangement will be made up if dimensions of the space desired

made up if dimensions of the space desired planted to the perennials are sent to us. There are so many good perennials that no home need be without cut flowers thruout the year, even during the winter months, for by the time the hardy asters are gone, the Winter-blooming iris come into flower. Money spent in the purchase of perennial flowers gives pleasure for all time and the flowers have a silent influence for the better in our lives that cannot be measured in terms of money.

One will be well repaid for time expended in visiting the nursery to see the perennials in flower. Each month of the year brings differ-ent flowers and the visitor will find bloom of some kind, no matter the season. The last of May or the first part of June finds acres of peonies and iris in their glory. It is strongly urged that a visit be made at this time if it is

not possible to come more often.

The price of all perennials, unless otherwise stated, is 25c each for strong clumps, or \$2.50 The small, weak plants usual to the a dozen. mail order trade are not handled.

ACONITUM autumnale. Aconite. Beautiful blue flowers, Sept

ALSTROMERIA aurantiaca Fine yellow, July. ANCHUSA Italica. Dropmore. Many small blue

flowers, June.

ANEMONE. Whirlwind, white. Queen Charlotte, pink, Sept. and Oct.

ANTHEMIS tinctoria Kelwayii. Plants covered

with mass of yellow flowers, July.

Page Eight

AQUILEGIA. Columbine. Pink, blue, or yellow,

ARMERIA latifolia. Thrift. Beautiful pink. June. vulgaris. Of more dwarf growth than var. latifolia.

ASTER. The Michaelmus Daisy. Mostly tall, fall flowering. All varieties satisfactory for garden and as cut flowers.

Beauty of Colwell. Double Lavender.

Beauty of Ronsdorf. Very large; heliotrope.

Climax. Large bright violet.

Effie. Azure blue.

Feltham Blue. Clear blue.

Grandiflorus. Large purple, late.

Lil Fardell. Bright mauve.

Mrs. Rayer. Crimson.

Perry's Favorite. Large, red. Robert Parker. Pale heliotrope.

Sensation. White. St. Egwin. Rose-pink.

Subcaerulea. Bright mauve, June. The Garden. Large lavender-pink. Thompsoni. Soft blue.

Tymardreath. White, with golden disc changing to red.

White Queen. White.

Wm. Bowman. Fine purple.

BOCCONIA cordata. White flowers on

coarse plant.
BOLTONIA asteroides. White flowers in Sept.

latisquama. Pink flowers on dwarf plant.
BRAUNERIA purpurea. Purple Rudbeckia.
Large daisy-like flower. Fine as an everlasting.
CAMPANULA carpatica. Hair bell. Light blue.

Grosseki. Dark blue bell-shaped flower, July. persifolia. Peach bell. Light blue, June. CENTAUREA montana. Corn flower. Large

blue flowers, Summer. CENTRANTHUS. alba. White. Flowers all

summer rosea. Pink.

rubra. Red. CERASTIUM tomentosum. Snow in Summer.
Silvery foliage, white, June. Not good for cut flowers.
CHRYSANTHEMUM maximum. Shasta Daisy.

Large, white, Summer.
Ostrich Plume. Taller than the type.

Sutton's May Queen. An early flowering variety

COREOPSIS lancelata. Dwarf plant, covered with bright yellow flowers.

DELPHINIUUM belladona.
Azure blue, June and July. Hardy Larkspur.

hybrids. Dark blue, June and July.

DIANTHUS barbatus. Sweet William. Various colors, all Summer.

plumarius. Garden Pinks. In pink, white and scarlet.

DORONICUM excelsum. Large Daisy-like

March and April.
ERYNGIUM amethystinum. Blue Thistle. Beautiful metallic flowers. Everlasting when dried. oliverianum, smaller than var. amethystinum.

dark center.
GEUM. Mrs. Bradshaw. Fine red, May and June.
GYPSOPHYLLA paniculata. Small white flowers in July which are good as everlastings. Added to a bouquet with other flowers will give a delightful effect. We carry the superior double variety only........75c

Page Nine

HELENIUM autumnale. Bright yellow flowers, Sept. Riverton Beauty. Lemon yellow. Flowers on tall stems, Sept. Riverton Gem. Coppery red, tall, Sept. HELIANTHUS. Perennial Sunflower.
H. G. Moon. Yellow on strong stems.
Miss Melish. Large yellow.
Multiflorus. Fine double. July-Oct. Rigidus. Dwarf. HEMEROCALLIS. Yellow Day-Lily. May to Aug. Baroni. Pale yellow, July. Dumotieri. Orange, shaded brown, May. Flava. Clear yellow, June. Florham. Golden yellow, July. Fulva. Coppery orange, July.
Gold Dust. Rich clear yellow, June.
Luteola. Orange yellow, July.
Ochroleuca. Pale lemon, July.
Thunbergii. Rich yellow, July. HEUCHARA sanguinea. London Pride. Fine reddish flowers, June. HOLLYHOCK. Tall, in many colors. Suitable for background. 5. Practically all of the best and newer kinds of Iris are numbered in this collection. More than 400 varieties are kept after some hundreds have been discarded as not being up to a high standard of excellence. Iris in our collection are in constant bloom from December to the middle of July, the main showing in May, at which time thousands of visitors view the blooms. Our special Iris catalog from which this list of varieties is taken will be sent upon request. The letter S. in the descriptions refers to the standards (upright petals) and the letter F., the falls (drooping petals). ing petals). THE WINTER BLOOMING IRIS. Angustifolia. S. clear lilac; F. purple.

Marginata. S. lilac-blue; F. Margined white.

These two varieties bloom continuously from December to April, the flowers often showing above a covering of snow. Coming at such a season they are appreciated above all other outdoor flowers. No garden is complete without them. Price each...\$1.00 DWARF APRIL FLOWERING 25c each.
Eburnea. S. almost white; F. pale yellow.
Formosa. S. violet-blue; F. violet-purple.
Snowcup. White thruout. Florentina. Creamy white......25c Fritjof. Lavender-purple ......25c THE TALL BEARDED IRIS. Flowers during May and early June. Flower stalks from two to three feet. Alcazar. Considered the most striking iris of all. S. blue-violet; F. deep purple.....\$1.50 Caprice. Rosy-red ......75c Chelles. S. golden-yellow; F. red-purple. .25c E. L. Crandall. An improved Mme. Chereau ..... beautiful contrast ......50c

Mme. Chereau. S. white; frilled blue; F. white, bordered blue
most pink25c  Sherwin Wright. Golden-yellow thruout50c  Trosuperba. S. pale blue; F. clear violet50c
MISCELLANEOUS IRIS.  Foetidissima. An iris with ornamental red seed much used for house decoration in fall and winter
Darling. Light blue. Emperor of the West. Bronze. King of the Blues. Deep purplish-blue.
Snowball. Pure white.  KNIPHOFIA. Red Hot Poker. erecta. Petals erect on the stalk. Bright red, AugSeot.
foliosa. Spring flowering. Bright red. pfitzeri. Red and yellow, Aug. and Sept.  LESPEDEZA Sieboldii. A tall shrubby perennial bearing beautiful pink-purple flowers in Sept50c  LIATRIS pycnostachya. Beautiful light purple flowers at the end of a tall stem. Next to Gaillardia the finest of all perennials. May be kept as an ever- lasting all winter
Page Eleven

PAPAVER orientale. Oriental Poppy. The bright-
est flowers of the month of May.
Mahonoy. Deep mahogany-maroon.
Oriflamme. Fine orange-scarlet.
Rose Queen. Delicate rose-pink.
Royal Scarlet. Brilliant scarlet.
nudicale. Iceland Poppy. Yellow, orange, and
scarlet.
PEONIES. The Weed Peonies form the most
complete collection in the west. More than 500 varieties are grown, those varieties scoring under 7.5 on a basis of 10 for perfection, having been dis-
on a basis of 10 for perfection, having been dis-
carded. Thus every variety listed is of superior merit. It is not true that "all peonies are good," except to those who know not the excellence of the
merit. It is not true that "all peonies are good,"
best varieties. Our special peony catalog will be sent
on request.
RED PEONIES.
Officinalis rubra. Very early50c
Adolphe Rousseau. The best red, mid- season \$3.00 Victor Hugo. Fine late \$1.00 Rubra superba. The last to bloom \$1.00
Victor Hugo Fine lete \$1.00
Pube guporbo The last to bloom \$1.00
PINK PEONIES.
Alexandriana. Light pink, early50c Edulis superba. Dark pink, early50c
Modeste Guerin. Mid-season\$1.00
Mme. Emile Galle. Late\$1.00
WHITE PEONIES.
Festiva maxima. Early
Mme. Crousse. Midseason\$1.00
Marie Lemoine. Late\$1.00
BEST SINGLE WHITE.
Albiflora. The Bride\$3.00
BEST JAPANESE.
Cascade. White, resembles a water-lily.\$3.00
Daybreak. Rose-pink\$1.00
THE BEST PEONY OF ALL.
Rosa Bonheur. Large full rose-pink, with
bloom size of a small cabbage. Will last as cut
bloom size of a small cabbage. Will last as cut flower for two weeks if picked in bud\$5.00
PHLOX. Phlox are the most admired flowers of
July and August. More than sixty varieties are included in our collection. The phlox are rather dwarf
plants with great clusters of flowers in various
colors, mostly white, pink or red. No collection of
colors, mostly white, pink or red. No collection of perennials is complete without these plants.
Beauty. Beautiful pink, dark center.
Esclarmonde. Dark rose pink, red eye.
Europa. Large white, crimson eye. Henri Murger. White, deep rose center.
Henri Murger. White, deep rose center.
Jeanne D'Arc. Fine late white.
Kossuth. Carmine-violet.
La Vague. Bluish-violet, dark center.
Miss Lingard. Early white, faint lilac eye.
Mme. Paul Dutrie. Soft pink.
Mrs. Fryer. Vigorous white.
Rubus. Light carmine-violet.
Rynstroom. Beautiful clear pink.
Thor. Delicate pink.
W. C. Egan. Soft pink.
POLYGONUM affine. Low growing; with beau-
tiful bright rose-red flowers in Sept.
cuspidatum. Tall rather coarse plant. Fine for background. White, July.
PRIMULA auricula. Primrose. Various colors.
Fine rock plants, April.
polyantha. English Primrose. Yellow, bronze,
red or white.
PYRETHRUM roseum. Resembles the Shasta
Daisy. Pink.
RANUNCULUS acris fl. pl. Double Buttercup.
Yellow, June.
Page Twelve

RUDBECKIA lacineata. Golden Glow. Large double, yellow.

nitida. A tall grower, single, yellow.

speciosa. Black-eyed Susan. Dwarf grower. Yellow petals, dark center.

SALVIA azurea. Exquisite blue. Flowers on long stem, Sept.

grandiflora. Larger flowers than var. azurea.

SAXIFRAGA cordifolia. One of the first flowers of spring. Thick metallic leaves. Pink flowers in clusters.

SCABIOSA caucasica. Fine blue, July-Sept.

SIDALCEA. Rose Queen. Pink flower on tall stems, June.

STATICE incana. Small white flowers, good everlasting, June-Sept.

STOKESIA cyanea. Coin Flower. Lavender-blue. June-Sept.

VALERIANA officinalis. Garden Heilotrope. Rose-tinted, June-July.

VERONICA spicata alba. Dwarf plant. White,

corymbosa. Blue.

VIOLA cornuta. Blue-violet. Pretty, but flowers small.

### The Conifers

To this class belong those evergreens which bear cones, as distinct from the "broad leaved evergreens." Most of the Conifers become large trees. This must be taken into consideration in their planting. In landscape work they are mostly used as specimen plants at one side of the lawn. All of our Conifers have been several times transplanted. Plants can thus be lifted with a ball of dirt intact. In digging, the roots are completely wrapped with burlap.

Conifers are slow of growth and thus comparatively expensive. With most varieties any size up to six feet can be furnished, but those from two to three feet are recommended for general planting. Unless otherwise stated the price is one dollar per foot.

ABIES Concolor. The Concolor Fir. With silvery green foliage. One of the best.

CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei. Japanese Yew. Dark green slender leaves.

CEDRUS deodora. Deodora Cedar. Beautiful glaucus leaves.

CHAMEACYPARIS Lawsoniana. Lawson's Cypress. An Oregon native, with delicate feathery foliage.

erecta viridis. A dwarf erect form, with bright green foliage.

alumii. A compact dwarf form with bluish metallic foliage. Fine for tubs.

pisifera. Retinospora. Leaves fine and pointed. plumosa. Of dense conical growth.

Page Thirteen

- CUPRESSUS macrocarpa. Monterey Cypress. Of upright rapid growth.
- JUNIPERUS hibernica. Irish Juniper. A pretty graceful conifer with deep green leaves and upright branches.
  - sabina. Prostrate Juniper. A dwarf spreading form with trailing branches.
- PICEA engelmannii. Engelmann's Spruce. A fine compact tall grower.
  - pugens glauca. Blue Spruce. Considered the most beautiful of the spruces. Rich blue color on the new growth. \$1.50 per foot.
- TAXUS baccata. English Yew. Spreading branches and narrow dark leaves.
- THUJA fastigiata. Pyramidal Arbor-vitae. An upright from, rather closely compact.
  - aurea. Golden Arbor-vitae. Of beautiful golden foliage on the new growth. \$1.50 per foot.
  - orientalis decussata. Rosedale Arbor-vitae. The most beautiful conifer for tubs or small single specimens. Very compact dwarf growing, with silvery new growth. \$1.50 per foot.
- TSUGA mertensiana. Western Hemlock. Slender pendulous branches. Foliage dark green above, almost white beneath.

## Climbing Vines

BOSTON IVY. Glossy green leaves, clinging to brick or stone
CLEMATIS paniculata. White fragrant flowers50c
HONEYSUCKLE. Hall's Japan, leaves ever-
ENGLISH IVY. Thick shining leaves50c
JASMINE. Bright yellow flowers50c
ENGELMANN'S IVY. An improved Virginia Creeper which clings50c
WISTERIA. Purple or white\$1.00
POLYGONUM Auberti. The best climber of all.  A rapid grower covered all summer with clusters of beautiful white flowers

### Ornamental Grasses

Official Grasses
CORTADERIA argentea. Pampas Grass. Long,
narrow drooping leaves with silvery plumes in
autumn
ELYMUS glaucus. Light blue narrow leaves, 50c
ERIANTHUS ravennae. Plume Grass. Numerous
narrow leaves and showy plumes50c
MISCANTHUS sinensis. Chinese Miscanthus.
Narrow, drooping leaves50c
gracillima. Leaves more narrow than var.
sinensis, with white midrib50c
variegata. Striped Miscanthus. Leaves longi-
tudinally striped with green and silvery yellow50c
zebrina. Zebra Grass. Leaves branded cross-
wise50c
PHILARIS arundinacea picta. Ribbon Grass.
Dwarf growing, with distinctly variegated foliage, 50c
TRACHYCARPUS excelsa. Hardy Palm. The
only palm for growing outdoors in Oregon\$2.00
YUCCA filamentosa. Yucca. Clusters of white

Page Fourteen

#### Shade Trees

Shade trees are used for both lawn and street planting. The Mt. Ash, Cut-leaved Birch, Laburnum and Maples are especially desirable for lawn planting, while the Norway Maple, Linden and Horse Chestnut are best for street planting. Our trees are several times transplanted, thus having a fine root system which assures successful growth after leaving the nursery.

Prices are for medium sized trees, best suited for planting. In most varieties both smaller or larger sizes can be furnished, the size governing the price.

AMERICAN WHITE ASH. A tall growing tree of upright habit. 8-10 ft
PURPLE BEECH. Dark purple foliage, changing to red. 5-7 ft. \$1.50  BOX ELDER. The Ash-leaved maple. 8-10 feet \$1.00
BOX ELDER. The Ash-leaved maple. 8-10
AMERICAN ELM. Grows very tall. 8-10
feet\$1.00 CAMPERDOWN ELM. A weeping form useful as an arbor\$3.00
HAWTHORN. Scarlet flowering, 6-8 ft\$1.50 White flowering. 6-8 ft\$1.00
HORSE feet         CHESTNUT.         White flowering, 6-8 \$1.00         \$1.00           Red flowering, 6-8 ft.         \$1.50
LABURNUM. Golden Chain. A fine small lawn tree, with clusters of golden flowers in June, 6-8 feet
LINDEN. American Basswood. 6-8 ft\$1.00
BLACK LOCUST. A rapid grower with beautiful compound leaves. 8-10 ft\$1.00
NORWAY MAPLE. The most satisfactory shade tree for street planting. 8-10 ft\$1.50
OREGON MAPLE. A fast growing large tree. \$1.00
8-10 ft
MT. ASH. A beautiful shade tree with clusters of red berries in autumn, 5-7 ft\$1.50
CAROLINA POPLAR. Rapid grower of spreading habit, 8-10 ft\$1.00
LOMBARDY POPLAR. An erect, rapid grower. 10-12 ft
PURPLE LEAVED PLUM. A small tree with reddish leaves, suitable for the lawn. 5-6 ft\$1.50
CUT-LEAVED WEEPING BIRCH. A beautiful weeping tree, with white bark, useful for lawn planting. 8-10 ft
SYCAMORE. Much used for street planting. 5-6 ft
PIN OAK. Of compact habit, slow grower. 6-8 feet\$2.00

#### Roses

Roses are justly popular for the beauty of their flowers, yet they lack foliage for proper land-scape effects. For this reason they should be planted either in a special place where they may be cultivated, or placed in front of taller shrubs. When planted in the single straight row as usual in Portland, they make anything but a successful landscape. If they must be in the front yard, they fit into the landscape scheme best by rounding out the border planting at the front corners with them.

The following comprise most of the standard sorts. We can furnish any variety desired and

will be pleased to give prices on request.

CECILE BRUNNER. The small buttonhole rose. Bluish white ......75c COLUMBIA. New. A very fine pink......\$1.00 DUCHESS WELLINGTON. Saffron yellow copery \$1.00 EDWARD MAWLEY. Large deep crimson..\$1.00 FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. Best large white..60c GEN. McARTHUR. Dark velvety crimson....60c GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Rich crimson scarlet. 60c HOOSIER BEAUTY. Velvety crimson. ...\$1.00 HUGH DICKSON. Brilliant crimson-scarlet. .75c IRISH ELEGANCE. Single. Apricot. .....................75c IRISH FIREFLAME. Single Crimson and Single Crimson and J. B. CLARK. Bright crimson shaded maroon...60c JOSEPH HILL. Salmon pink, shaded yellow and LADY ROBERTS. Rich apricot and orange. \$1.00 LOS ANGELES. Pink, toned with coral. New \$1.25 Mad. CAROLINE TESTOUT. The well known cotta \$1.00

Mad. MELANIE SOUPERT. Sunset yellow, suffused amethyst \$1.00

MARQUISE DE SINETY. Golden yellow, copper SUNBURST. Yellow apricot ...... 75c.

## Climbing Roses

#### Say it with Perennial Flowers

URS is the nursery that is different. We believe in saying it with flowers which are grown in your own yard. We show you which are the best flowers—those that can be grown with the least trouble. In the nursery we are constantly experimenting with new varieties, many of which are disappointing. From an advertising standpoint flowery descriptions sell the plants. In this respect this catalog may be disappointing for we mention only those plants which we can absolutely recommend and give only short descriptions of them.

There is no guess work about our landscape service. We visit your home, take the measurements of the yard, ascertain your desires, the amount you are willing to expend, submit you a planting plan showing just where and what is to be planted together with an itemized list of everything we propose to plant and its cost. After your approval, the planting is done at the proper season and our work guaranteed. We can show you examples of our work right in your own locality. We will also be pleased to show you at the nursery the plants which we propose for your planting.

We hope and expect your confidence, not only in our landscape service and the plants we offer, but in the prices asked. We claim to give the best possible service and this at a moderate cost.

There IS such a thing as ART out of doors. May we show it to you?

